

**ACCUMULATION OF LEAD IN THE TISSUES OF FRESHWATER
PSEUDAPOCRYPTES ELONGATUS EXPOSED TO STATIC NOMINAL
CONCENTRATIONS OF LEAD NITRATE**

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ABSTRACT

Static bioassay methods were used under laboratory conditions to determine the accumulation of lead by Pseudapocryptes elongatus. After various time (10,20, 30 And 40 days) of exposure, to 100, 200, 300, 400 and 500 ppm of lead nitrate different tissue of Pseudapocryptes elongatus (brain, kidney, liver, skin, gill and muscle) accumulated lead was remarkably different. Finally it will conclude that in fish P. elongatus the accumulation of lead the gill stood first, followed by liver, followed by brain, kidney and skin. If we remove the gill of target fish our body will be safe at any concentration of lead and at any time of exposure period.

KEYWORDS: Bioaccumulation, Pseudapocryptes Elongatus Heavy Metal, Lead, Sublethal, Liver, Skin, Brain, Kidney, Muscle Kidney

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